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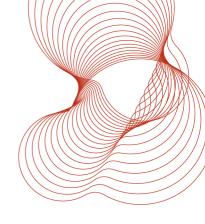
An assessment of the fire performance of single- and double-leaf access panels with exposed continuous hinges

Prepared for: Fire Proofing Services Limited Evolution House Aston Road Nuneaton CV11 5EL

1 August 2011

Assessment report number CC 228547 Review 1

Protecting People, Property and the Planet



# Prepared on behalf of BRE Testing by

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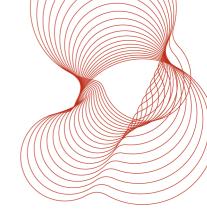
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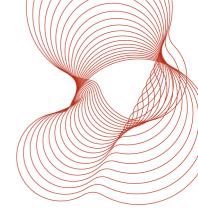


# Contents

1	Introduction	3
2	Scope	4
3	Supporting data	4
3.1	BRE test report TE 94530	4
3.2	BRE test report TE 201768	4
4	Description of the proposed access panels	5
5	Assessment	5
6	Conclusion	5
7	Validity of the assessment	6
7.1	Declaration by applicant	6
7.2	BRE Testing declaration	6
8	Figures	8

# 1 Introduction

The Fire Proofing Services single- and double-leaf access panels are designed to provide a fire resistance of up to 60 minutes with respect to the integrity criteria of BS 476: Part 22: 1987, for exposure from either



side. This assessment report considers the fire performance of similar access panels to those tested, but fitted with exposed continuous hinges.

## 2 Scope

This assessment report considers the fire resistance of single- and double-leaf access panels in terms of the integrity criteria of BS 476: Part 22: 1987, for fire exposures of up to 60 minutes from either side.

# 3 Supporting data

This assessment is based on supporting test data which is more than five years old. This supporting data has therefore been reviewed against current test procedures.

#### 3.1 BRE test report TE 94530

A double-leaf steel/plasterboard access panel, incorporated in a steel-framed plasterboard partition, was subjected to a fire resistance test in accordance with BS 476: Part 22: 1987 (Method 6) on 12 April 2000.

The access panel comprised two door leaves, nominally 2m high x 2m wide x 45mm thick, consisting of a polyester powder coated 1mm-thick steel skin on the exposed side and 12.5mm-thick Megadeco plasterboard on the unexposed side with 30mm-thick stone mineral wool between the faces. The panel leaves were hung in a steel frame incorporating a smoke seal, both leaves opening towards the furnace.

The access panel was incorporated in a steel-frame partition comprising one layer of 12.5mm-thick Lafarge Firecheck plasterboard followed by one layer of 12.5mm-thick Lafarge Megadeco plasterboard on each face of the partition. The specimen when tested in the orientation described was found to have the following fire resistance:

Insulation: 16 minutes

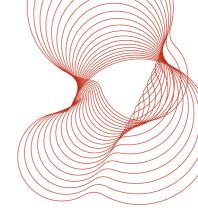
Integrity: 135 minutes

For full details see BRE test report TE 94530.

#### 3.2 BRE test report TE 201768

A single-leaf steel/plasterboard access panel, incorporated in a steel-framed plasterboard partition, was subjected to a fire resistance test in accordance with BS 476: Part 22: 1987 (Method 6) on 2 November 2000.

The access panel comprised a preformed steel uninsulated door leaf, nominally 2m high x 900mm wide x 34mm thick, manufactured from a polyester powder coated 1mm-thick steel sheet clad on one side (unexposed face) with 12.5mm-thick Megadeco plasterboard painted on the exposed face with Lafarge



drywall sealer, a fire retardant formulation. The panel leaf was hung in a steel frame incorporating a smoke seal, the leaf opening towards the furnace.

The access panel was incorporated in a steel-frame partition comprising two layers of 12.5mm-thick Lafarge Firecheck plasterboard on each face of the partition. The specimen when tested in the orientation described was found to have the following fire resistance:

> Insulation: 7 minutes Integrity: 70 minutes

The limit for the rise in mean temperature was exceeded after 30 minutes and the maximum temperature limit was exceeded on the leaf after 27 minutes.

For full details see BRE test report TE 201768.

## 4 Description of the proposed access panels

The proposed access panels have the same construction as those tested, the only difference is that the continuous hinges are exposed (see figure 1).

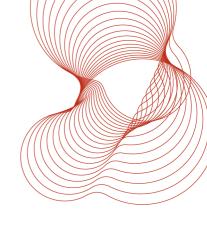
## 5 Assessment

The proposed access panels have an identical construction to those tested; the only difference is that the hinge location has been altered so that it is now exposed. During the tests there was no evidence that the panel to frame gap along the hinge edge of the access panels was opening up due to the distortion of the hinge, nor that the hinge was detaching from either the panel or the frame. As the proposed hinge has an all-steel construction, is of a similar design to that tested and is fixed to both the panel and the frame in the same way, we would expect it to perform in a similar manner.

The doorsets were tested opening towards the furnace, but we are of the opinion that the performance would be similar if they opened away from the furnace. The leaves incorporate a three point locking mechanism and continuous hinges, which should ensure that the perimeter of the leaf does not move away from the frame along either the leaf or hinge edge resulting in a failure of integrity.

## 6 Conclusion

Therefore it is our opinion that the single- and double-leaf access panels with exposed continuous hinges, as detailed in section 4, are suitable for applications where a fire resistance of up to 60 minutes is required with respect to the integrity criteria of BS 476: Part 22: 1987, for fire exposure from either side.



# 7 Validity of the assessment

#### 7.1 Declaration by applicant

- We the undersigned confirm that we have read and complied with the obligations placed on us by the UK Fire Test Study Group Resolution No. 82 : 2001.
- We confirm that the component or element of structure, which is the subject of this assessment, has not to our knowledge been subjected to a fire test to the Standard against which this assessment is being made.
- We agree to withdraw this assessment from circulation should the component or element of structure be the subject of a fire test to the Standard against which this assessment is being made.
- We are not aware of any information that could adversely affect the conclusions of this assessment.
- If we subsequently become aware of any such information we agree to cease using the assessment and ask BRE Testing to withdraw the assessment.

#### Signed:

#### For and on behalf of:

This assessment report is not valid unless it incorporates the declaration duly signed by the applicant.

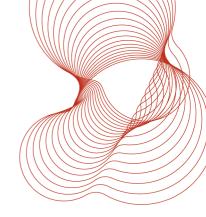
## 7.2 BRE Testing declaration

This assessment was reviewed on 1 August 2011. We have received written confirmation from Fire Proofing Services Ltd. that there have been no changes in the specification of their access panels since the original date of the assessment. There have been no changes in the fire test procedures or methods of assessment, which would adversely affect the fire performance of the access panels. We are therefore satisfied that the validity of this assessment may be extended for a further five years.

This assessment is based on test data, experience and the information supplied. If contradictory evidence becomes available to BRE Testing the assessment will be unconditionally withdrawn and the applicant will be notified in writing. Similarly the assessment is invalidated if the assessed construction is subsequently tested since actual test data is deemed to take precedence over an expressed opinion. The assessment is valid for a period of five years after which it should be returned for review to consider any additional data, which has become available or any changes in the fire test procedures. Any changes in the specification of the product will invalidate this assessment.

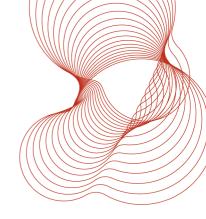
This assessment has been carried out in accordance with Fire Test Study Group Resolution No. 82. It relates to the fire performance of the product and does not cover aspects of quality, durability, maintenance nor service requirements. This assessment relates only to the specimen(s) assessed and does not by itself infer that the product is approved under any Loss Prevention Certification Board approval or certification scheme or any other endorsements, approval or certification scheme.

An assessment of the fire performance of single- and double-leaf access panels with exposed continuous hinges

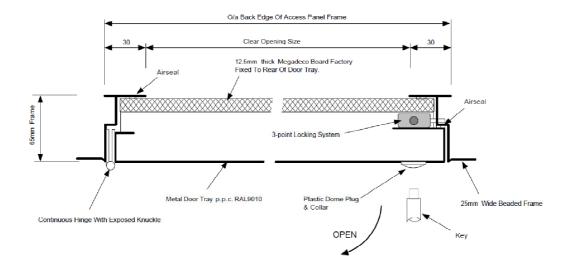


Next review date: 1 August 2016

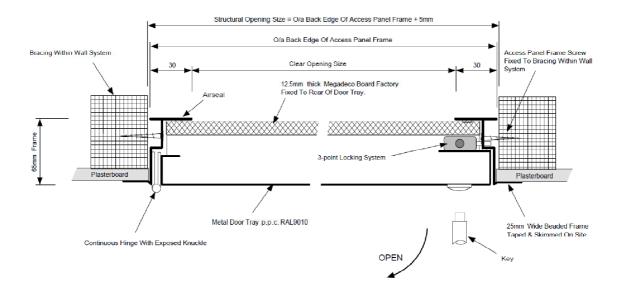
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# 8 Figures



SECTION THROUGH WALL ACCESS PANEL WITH EXPOSED HINGE



SECTION THROUGH WALL SHOWING FIXING OF ACCESS PANEL WITH EXPOSED HINGE

#### Figure 1

======REPORT ENDS========